NAME

ASN1_STRING_dup, ASN1_STRING_cmp, ASN1_STRING_set, ASN1_STRING_length,
ASN1_STRING_type, ASN1_STRING_get0_data, ASN1_STRING_data, ASN1_STRING_to_UTF8 -
ASN1_STRING utility functions

SYNOPSIS

#include <openssl/asn1.h>

int ASN1_STRING_length(ASN1_STRING *x);
const unsigned char *ASN1_STRING_get0_data(const ASN1_STRING *x);
unsigned char *ASN1_STRING_data(ASN1_STRING *x);

ASN1_STRING *ASN1_STRING_dup(const ASN1_STRING *a);

int ASN1_STRING_cmp(ASN1_STRING *a, ASN1_STRING *b);

int ASN1_STRING_set(ASN1_STRING *str, const void *data, int len);

int ASN1_STRING_type(const ASN1_STRING *x);

int ASN1_STRING_to_UTF8(unsigned char **out, const ASN1_STRING *in);

DESCRIPTION

These functions allow an **ASN1_STRING** structure to be manipulated.

ASN1_STRING_length() returns the length of the content of *x*.

ASN1_STRING_get0_data() returns an internal pointer to the data of *x*. Since this is an internal
pointer it should **not** be freed or modified in any way.

ASN1_STRING_data() is similar to **ASN1_STRING_get0_data()** except the returned value is not
constant. This function is deprecated: applications should use **ASN1_STRING_get0_data()** instead.

ASN1_STRING_dup() returns a copy of the structure *a*.

ASN1_STRING_cmp() compares *a* and *b* returning 0 if the two are identical. The string types and
content are compared.

ASN1_STRING_set() sets the data of string *str* to the buffer *data* or length *len*. The supplied data is
copied. If *len* is -1 then the length is determined by strlen(data).

ASN1_STRING_type() returns the type of *x*, using standard constants such as
V_ASN1_OCTET_STRING.

ASN1_STRING_to_UTF8() converts the string *in* to UTF8 format, the converted data is allocated in a
buffer in **out*. The length of *out* is returned or a negative error code. The buffer **out* should be freed
using **OPENSSL_free()**.

NOTES

Almost all ASN1 types in OpenSSL are represented as an **ASN1_STRING** structure. Other types such
as **ASN1_OCTET_STRING** are simply typedef'ed to **ASN1_STRING** and the functions call the
ASN1_STRING equivalents. **ASN1_STRING** is also used for some **CHOICE** types which consist
entirely of primitive string types such as **DirectoryString** and **Time**.

These functions should **not** be used to examine or modify **ASN1_INTEGER** or
ASN1_ENUMERATED types: the relevant **INTEGER** or **ENUMERATED** utility functions should be
used instead.

In general it cannot be assumed that the data returned by **ASN1_STRING_data()** is null terminated or
does not contain embedded nulls. The actual format of the data will depend on the actual string type
itself: for example for an IA5String the data will be ASCII, for a BMPString two bytes per character in
big endian format, and for a UTF8String it will be in UTF8 format.

Similar care should be take to ensure the data is in the correct format when calling
ASN1_STRING_set().

RETURN VALUES

ASN1_STRING_length() returns the length of the content of *x*.

ASN1_STRING_get0_data() and **ASN1_STRING_data()** return an internal pointer to the data of *x*.

ASN1_STRING_dup() returns a valid **ASN1_STRING** structure or NULL if an error occurred.

ASN1_STRING_cmp() returns an integer greater than, equal to, or less than 0, according to whether *a*
is greater than, equal to, or less than *b*.

ASN1_STRING_set() returns 1 on success or 0 on error.

ASN1_STRING_type() returns the type of *x*.

ASN1_STRING_to_UTF8() returns the number of bytes in output string *out* or a negative value if an

error occurred.

SEE ALSO
ERR_get_error(3)

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