

**NAME**

EVP\_aes\_128\_cbc, EVP\_aes\_192\_cbc, EVP\_aes\_256\_cbc, EVP\_aes\_128\_cfb, EVP\_aes\_192\_cfb, EVP\_aes\_256\_cfb, EVP\_aes\_128\_cfb1, EVP\_aes\_192\_cfb1, EVP\_aes\_256\_cfb1, EVP\_aes\_128\_cfb8, EVP\_aes\_192\_cfb8, EVP\_aes\_256\_cfb8, EVP\_aes\_128\_cfb128, EVP\_aes\_192\_cfb128, EVP\_aes\_256\_cfb128, EVP\_aes\_128\_ctr, EVP\_aes\_192\_ctr, EVP\_aes\_256\_ctr, EVP\_aes\_128\_ecb, EVP\_aes\_192\_ecb, EVP\_aes\_256\_ecb, EVP\_aes\_128\_ofb, EVP\_aes\_192\_ofb, EVP\_aes\_256\_ofb, EVP\_aes\_128\_cbc\_hmac\_sha1, EVP\_aes\_256\_cbc\_hmac\_sha1, EVP\_aes\_128\_cbc\_hmac\_sha256, EVP\_aes\_256\_cbc\_hmac\_sha256, EVP\_aes\_128\_ccm, EVP\_aes\_192\_ccm, EVP\_aes\_256\_ccm, EVP\_aes\_128\_gcm, EVP\_aes\_192\_gcm, EVP\_aes\_256\_gcm, EVP\_aes\_128\_ocb, EVP\_aes\_192\_ocb, EVP\_aes\_256\_ocb, EVP\_aes\_128\_wrap, EVP\_aes\_192\_wrap, EVP\_aes\_256\_wrap, EVP\_aes\_128\_wrap\_pad, EVP\_aes\_192\_wrap\_pad, EVP\_aes\_256\_wrap\_pad, EVP\_aes\_128\_xts, EVP\_aes\_256\_xts - EVP AES cipher

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <openssl/evp.h>
```

```
const EVP_CIPHER *EVP_ciphertype(void)
```

*EVP\_ciphertype* is used a placeholder for any of the described cipher functions, such as *EVP\_aes\_128\_cbc*.

**DESCRIPTION**

The AES encryption algorithm for EVP.

**EVP\_aes\_128\_cbc()**, **EVP\_aes\_192\_cbc()**, **EVP\_aes\_256\_cbc()**, **EVP\_aes\_128\_cfb()**, **EVP\_aes\_192\_cfb()**, **EVP\_aes\_256\_cfb()**, **EVP\_aes\_128\_cfb1()**, **EVP\_aes\_192\_cfb1()**, **EVP\_aes\_256\_cfb1()**, **EVP\_aes\_128\_cfb8()**, **EVP\_aes\_192\_cfb8()**, **EVP\_aes\_256\_cfb8()**, **EVP\_aes\_128\_cfb128()**, **EVP\_aes\_192\_cfb128()**, **EVP\_aes\_256\_cfb128()**, **EVP\_aes\_128\_ctr()**, **EVP\_aes\_192\_ctr()**, **EVP\_aes\_256\_ctr()**, **EVP\_aes\_128\_ecb()**, **EVP\_aes\_192\_ecb()**, **EVP\_aes\_256\_ecb()**, **EVP\_aes\_128\_ofb()**, **EVP\_aes\_192\_ofb()**, **EVP\_aes\_256\_ofb()**

AES for 128, 192 and 256 bit keys in the following modes: CBC, CFB with 128-bit shift, CFB with 1-bit shift, CFB with 8-bit shift, CTR, ECB, and OFB.

**EVP\_aes\_128\_cbc\_hmac\_sha1()**, **EVP\_aes\_256\_cbc\_hmac\_sha1()**

Authenticated encryption with AES in CBC mode using SHA-1 as HMAC, with keys of 128 and 256 bits length respectively. The authentication tag is 160 bits long.

**WARNING:** this is not intended for usage outside of TLS and requires calling of some undocumented ctrl functions. These ciphers do not conform to the EVP AEAD interface.

**EVP\_aes\_128\_cbc\_hmac\_sha256(), EVP\_aes\_256\_cbc\_hmac\_sha256()**

Authenticated encryption with AES in CBC mode using SHA256 (SHA-2, 256-bits) as HMAC, with keys of 128 and 256 bits length respectively. The authentication tag is 256 bits long.

WARNING: this is not intended for usage outside of TLS and requires calling of some undocumented ctrl functions. These ciphers do not conform to the EVP AEAD interface.

**EVP\_aes\_128\_ccm(), EVP\_aes\_192\_ccm(), EVP\_aes\_256\_ccm(), EVP\_aes\_128\_gcm(),  
EVP\_aes\_192\_gcm(), EVP\_aes\_256\_gcm(), EVP\_aes\_128\_ocb(), EVP\_aes\_192\_ocb(),  
EVP\_aes\_256\_ocb()**

AES for 128, 192 and 256 bit keys in CBC-MAC Mode (CCM), Galois Counter Mode (GCM) and OCB Mode respectively. These ciphers require additional control operations to function correctly, see the "AEAD Interface" in **EVP\_EncryptInit(3)** section for details.

**EVP\_aes\_128\_wrap(), EVP\_aes\_192\_wrap(), EVP\_aes\_256\_wrap(), EVP\_aes\_128\_wrap\_pad(),  
EVP\_aes\_128\_wrap(), EVP\_aes\_192\_wrap(), EVP\_aes\_256\_wrap(), EVP\_aes\_192\_wrap\_pad(),  
EVP\_aes\_128\_wrap(), EVP\_aes\_192\_wrap(), EVP\_aes\_256\_wrap(), EVP\_aes\_256\_wrap\_pad()**

AES key wrap with 128, 192 and 256 bit keys, as according to RFC 3394 section 2.2.1 ("wrap") and RFC 5649 section 4.1 ("wrap with padding") respectively.

**EVP\_aes\_128\_xts(), EVP\_aes\_256\_xts()**

AES XTS mode (XTS-AES) is standardized in IEEE Std. 1619-2007 and described in NIST SP 800-38E. The XTS (XEX-based tweaked-codebook mode with ciphertext stealing) mode was designed by Prof. Phillip Rogaway of University of California, Davis, intended for encrypting data on a storage device.

XTS-AES provides confidentiality but not authentication of data. It also requires a key of double-length for protection of a certain key size. In particular, XTS-AES-128 (**EVP\_aes\_128\_xts**) takes input of a 256-bit key to achieve AES 128-bit security, and XTS-AES-256 (**EVP\_aes\_256\_xts**) takes input of a 512-bit key to achieve AES 256-bit security.

The XTS implementation in OpenSSL does not support streaming. That is there must only be one **EVP\_EncryptUpdate(3)** call per **EVP\_EncryptInit\_ex(3)** call (and similarly with the "Decrypt" functions).

The *iv* parameter to **EVP\_EncryptInit\_ex(3)** or **EVP\_DecryptInit\_ex(3)** is the XTS "tweak" value.

**NOTES**

Developers should be aware of the negative performance implications of calling these functions multiple times and should consider using **EVP\_CIPHER\_fetch(3)** instead. See "Performance" in

**crypto(7)** for further information.

## RETURN VALUES

These functions return an **EVP\_CIPHER** structure that contains the implementation of the symmetric cipher. See **EVP\_CIPHER\_meth\_new(3)** for details of the **EVP\_CIPHER** structure.

## SEE ALSO

**evp(7)**, **EVP\_EncryptInit(3)**, **EVP\_CIPHER\_meth\_new(3)**

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