## NAME

SPI\_saveplan - save a prepared statement

#### SYNOPSIS

SPIPlanPtr SPI\_saveplan(SPIPlanPtr plan)

#### DESCRIPTION

**SPI\_saveplan** copies a passed statement (prepared by **SPI\_prepare**) into memory that will not be freed by **SPI\_finish** nor by the transaction manager, and returns a pointer to the copied statement. This gives you the ability to reuse prepared statements in the subsequent invocations of your C function in the current session.

## ARGUMENTS

## SPIPlanPtr *plan*

the prepared statement to be saved

## **RETURN VALUE**

Pointer to the copied statement; or NULL if unsuccessful. On error, SPI\_result is set thus:

## SPI\_ERROR\_ARGUMENT

if *plan* is NULL or invalid

# SPI\_ERROR\_UNCONNECTED

if called from an unconnected C function

#### NOTES

The originally passed-in statement is not freed, so you might wish to do **SPI\_freeplan** on it to avoid leaking memory until **SPI\_finish**.

In most cases, **SPI\_keepplan** is preferred to this function, since it accomplishes largely the same result without needing to physically copy the prepared statement's data structures.