NAME

XkbBellEvent - Provides a function that initiates a bell event for the keyboard without ringing the bell

SYNOPSIS

Bool XkbBellEvent (Display *display, Window window, int percent, Atom name);

ARGUMENTS

```
display
connection to the X server

window
the event window, or None

percent
relative volume, which can range from -100 to 100 inclusive

name
a bell name, or NULL
```

DESCRIPTION

The core X protocol allows only applications to explicitly sound the system bell with a given duration, pitch, and volume. Xkb extends this capability by allowing clients to attach symbolic names to bells, disable audible bells, and receive an event whenever the keyboard bell is rung. For the purposes of this document, the *audible* bell is defined to be the system bell, or the default keyboard bell, as opposed to any other audible sound generated elsewhere in the system. You can ask to receive XkbBellNotify events when any client rings any one of the following:

- ⊕ The default bell
- Φ Any bell on an input device that can be specified by a bell_class and bell_id pair
- Any bell specified only by an arbitrary name. (This is, from the server's point of view, merely a name, and not connected with any physical sound-generating device. Some client application must generate the sound, or visual feedback, if any, that is associated with the name.)

You can also ask to receive XkbBellNotify events when the server rings the default bell or if any client has requested events only (without the bell sounding) for any of the bell types previously listed.

You can disable audible bells on a global basis. For example, a client that replaces the keyboard bell with some other audible cue might want to turn off the AudibleBell control to prevent the server from also generating a sound and avoid cacophony. If you disable audible bells and request to receive XkbBellNotify events, you can generate feedback different from the default bell.

You can, however, override the AudibleBell control by calling one of the functions that force the ringing of a bell in spite of the setting of the AudibleBell control - *XkbForceDeviceBell or XkbForceBell*. In this case the server does not generate a bell event.

Just as some keyboards can produce keyclicks to indicate when a key is pressed or repeating, Xkb can provide feedback for the controls by using special beep codes. The AccessXFeedback control is used to configure the specific types of operations that generate feedback.

Bell Names

You can associate a name to an act of ringing a bell by converting the name to an Atom and then using this name when you call the functions listed in this chapter. If an event is generated as a result, the name is then passed to all other clients interested in receiving XkbBellNotify events. Note that these are arbitrary names and that there is no binding to any sounds. Any sounds or other effects (such as visual bells on the screen) must be generated by a client application upon receipt of the bell event containing the name. There is no default name for the default keyboard bell. The server does generate some predefined bells for the AccessX controls. These named bells are shown in Table 1; the name is included in any bell event sent to clients that have requested to receive XkbBellNotify events.

Table 1 Predefined

Bells	
Action	Named Bell
Indicator turned	AX_IndicatorOn
on	
Indicator turned off	AX_IndicatorOff
More than one indicator changed	AX_IndicatorChange
state	
Control turned	AX FeatureOn

on

Control turned AX FeatureOff

off

More than one control changed AX_FeatureChange

state

SlowKeys and BounceKeys about to be turned on or AX_SlowKeysWarning

off

SlowKeys key AX_SlowKeyPress

pressed

SlowKeys key AX_SlowKeyAccept

accepted

SlowKeys key AX_SlowKeyReject

rejected

Accepted SlowKeys key AX_SlowKeyRelease

released

BounceKeys key AX_BounceKeyReject

rejected

StickyKeys key AX_StickyLatch

latched

StickyKeys key AX_StickyLock

locked

StickyKeys key AX_StickyUnlock

unlocked

Audible Bells

Using Xkb you can generate bell events that do not necessarily ring the system bell. This is useful if you need to use an audio server instead of the system beep. For example, when an audio client starts, it could disable the audible bell (the system bell) and then listen for XkbBellNotify events. When it receives a XkbBellNotify event, the audio client could then send a request to an audio server to play a sound.

You can control the audible bells feature by passing the XkbAudibleBellMask to *XkbChangeEnabledControls*. If you set XkbAudibleBellMask on, the server rings the system bell when a bell event occurs. This is the default. If you set XkbAudibleBellMask off and a bell event occurs, the server does not ring the system bell unless you call *XkbForceDeviceBell* or *XkbForceBell*.

Audible bells are also part of the per-client auto-reset controls.

Bell Functions

Use the functions described in this section to ring bells and to generate bell events.

The input extension has two types of feedbacks that can generate bells - bell feedback and keyboard feedback. Some of the functions in this section have *bell_class* and *bell_id* parameters; set them as follows: Set *bell_class* to BellFeedbackClass or KbdFeedbackClass. A device can have more than one feedback of each type; set *bell_id* to the particular bell feedback of *bell_class* type.

Table 2 shows the conditions that cause a bell to sound or an XkbBellNotifyEvent to be generated when a bell function is called.

Table 2 Bell Sounding and Bell Event

Generating			
Function called XkbBellNotifyEver	AudibleBellServer sounds a bellServer sends an		
XkbDeviceBell	On	Yes	Yes
XkbDeviceBell	Off	No	Yes
XkbBell	On	Yes	Yes
XkbBell	Off	No	Yes
XkbDeviceBellEventOn or Off		No	Yes
XkbBellEvent	On or Off	No	Yes
XkbDeviceForceBe	ellOn or Off	Yes	No
XkbForceBell	On or Off	Yes	No

If a compatible keyboard extension isn't present in the X server, *XkbBellEvent* immediately returns False. Otherwise, *XkbBellEvent* calls *XkbDeviceBellEvent* with the specified *display*, *window*, *percent*, and *name*, a *device_spec* of XkbUseCoreKbd, a *bell_class* of XkbDfltXIClass, and a *bell_id* of XkbDfltXIId, and returns what *XkbDeviceBellEvent* returns.

XkbBellEvent generates a XkbBellNotify event.

You can call *XkbBellEvent* without first initializing the keyboard extension.

RETURN VALUES

False

The *XkbBellEvent* immediately returns False, if a compatible keyboard extension isn't present in the X server.

STRUCTURES

Xkb generates XkbBellNotify events for all bells except for those resulting from calls to *XkbForceDeviceBell* and *XkbForceBell*. To receive XkbBellNotify events under all possible conditions, pass XkbBellNotifyMask in both the *bits_to_change* and *values_for_bits* parameters to *XkbSelectEvents*.

The XkbBellNotify event has no event details. It is either selected or it is not. However, you can call *XkbSelectEventDetails* using XkbBellNotify as the *event_type* and specifying XkbAllBellEventsMask in *bits_to_change* and *values_for_bits*. This has the same effect as a call to *XkbSelectEvents*.

The structure for the XkbBellNotify event type contains:

```
typedef struct XkbBellNotify {
                     /* Xkb extension base event code */
  int
                          /* X server serial number for event */
  unsigned long serial;
  Bool
             send event; /* True => synthetically generated */
  Display *
               display; /* server connection where event generated */
  Time
              time;
                       /* server time when event generated */
  int
            xkb type; /* XkbBellNotify */
  unsigned int device;
                          /* Xkb device ID, will not be XkbUseCoreKbd */
  int
                      /* requested volume as % of max */
            percent;
  int
                     /* requested pitch in Hz */
            pitch;
            duration; /* requested duration in microseconds */
  int
  unsigned int bell_class; /* X input extension feedback class */
  unsigned int bell id; /* X input extension feedback ID */
                         /* "name" of requested bell */
  Atom
              name;
  Window
                            /* window associated with event */
                window:
             event only; /* False -> the server did not produce a beep */
  Bool
} XkbBellNotifyEvent;
```

If your application needs to generate visual bell feedback on the screen when it receives a bell event, use the window ID in the XkbBellNotifyEvent, if present.

SEE ALSO

XkbChangeEnabledControls (3), XkbDeviceBellEvent (3), XkbForceBell (3), XkbForceDeviceBell (3), XkbF