

**NAME**

XkbComputeShapeTop - Determines the bounding box of the top surface of a shape

**SYNOPSIS**

**Bool XkbComputeShapeTop (XkbShapePtr *shape*, XkbBoundsPtr *bounds\_rtrn*);**

**ARGUMENTS**

*shape*

shape to be examined

*bounds\_rtrn*

backfilled with the bounding box for the shape

**DESCRIPTION**

Xkb provides a number of convenience functions to help use a keyboard geometry. These include functions to return the bounding box of a shape's top surface and to update the bounding box of a shape row or section.

A shape is made up of a number of outlines. Each outline is a polygon made up of a number of points. The bounding box of a shape is a rectangle that contains all the outlines of that shape.

*XkbComputeShapeTop* returns a `BoundsRec` that contains two x and y coordinates. These coordinates describe the corners of a rectangle that contains the outline that describes the top surface of the shape. The top surface is defined to be the approximating outline if the *approx* field of *shape* is not NULL. If *approx* is NULL, the top surface is defined as the last outline in the *shape*'s array of outlines. *XkbComputeShapeTop* returns False if *shape* is NULL or if there are no outlines for the shape; otherwise, it returns True.

**STRUCTURES**

```
typedef struct _XkbBounds {
    short  x1,y1; /* upper left corner of the bounds, in mm/10 */
    short  x2,y2; /* lower right corner of the bounds, in mm/10 */
} XkbBoundsRec, *XkbBoundsPtr;
```