NAME

XkbDeviceBell - Rings the bell on an X input extension device or the default keyboard

SYNOPSIS

Bool XkbDeviceBell (Display *display, Window window, unsigned int device_spec, unsigned int bell_class, unsigned int bell_id, int percent, Atom name);

ARGUMENTS

```
connection to the X server

window
window for which the bell is generated, or None

device_spec
device ID, or XkbUseCoreKbd

bell_class
X input extension bell class of the bell to be rung

bell_id
X input extension bell ID of the bell to be rung

percent
bell volume, from -100 to 100 inclusive

name
a name for the bell, or NULL
```

DESCRIPTION

The core X protocol allows only applications to explicitly sound the system bell with a given duration, pitch, and volume. Xkb extends this capability by allowing clients to attach symbolic names to bells, disable audible bells, and receive an event whenever the keyboard bell is rung. For the purposes of this document, the *audible* bell is defined to be the system bell, or the default keyboard bell, as opposed to any other audible sound generated elsewhere in the system. You can ask to receive XkbBellNotify events when any client rings any one of the following:

♦ The default bell

- Any bell on an input device that can be specified by a bell_class and bell_id pair
- Any bell specified only by an arbitrary name. (This is, from the server's point of view, merely a name, and not connected with any physical sound-generating device. Some client application must generate the sound, or visual feedback, if any, that is associated with the name.)

You can also ask to receive XkbBellNotify events when the server rings the default bell or if any client has requested events only (without the bell sounding) for any of the bell types previously listed.

You can disable audible bells on a global basis. For example, a client that replaces the keyboard bell with some other audible cue might want to turn off the AudibleBell control to prevent the server from also generating a sound and avoid cacophony. If you disable audible bells and request to receive XkbBellNotify events, you can generate feedback different from the default bell.

You can, however, override the AudibleBell control by calling one of the functions that force the ringing of a bell in spite of the setting of the AudibleBell control - *XkbForceDeviceBell* or *XkbForceBell*. In this case the server does not generate a bell event.

Just as some keyboards can produce keyclicks to indicate when a key is pressed or repeating, Xkb can provide feedback for the controls by using special beep codes. The AccessXFeedback control is used to configure the specific types of operations that generate feedback.

Bell Names

You can associate a name to an act of ringing a bell by converting the name to an Atom and then using this name when you call the functions listed in this chapter. If an event is generated as a result, the name is then passed to all other clients interested in receiving XkbBellNotify events. Note that these are arbitrary names and that there is no binding to any sounds. Any sounds or other effects (such as visual bells on the screen) must be generated by a client application upon receipt of the bell event containing the name. There is no default name for the default keyboard bell. The server does generate some predefined bells for the AccessX controls. These named bells are shown in the Table 1; the name is included in any bell event sent to clients that have requested to receive XkbBellNotify events.

	Table 1 Predefined
Bells	

X Version 11 libX11 1.8.7 XkbDeviceBell(3)

Action	Named Bell
Indicator turned	AX_IndicatorOn
on	
Indicator turned	AX_IndicatorOff
off	
More than one indicator changed	AX_IndicatorChange
state	
Control turned	AX_FeatureOn
on	
Control turned	AX_FeatureOff
off	
More than one control changed	AX_FeatureChange
state	
SlowKeys and BounceKeys about to be turned on or	AX_SlowKeysWarning
off	
SlowKeys key	AX_SlowKeyPress
pressed	
SlowKeys key	AX_SlowKeyAccept
accepted	
SlowKeys key	AX_SlowKeyReject
rejected	A V C1 V D 1
Accepted SlowKeys key	AX_SlowKeyRelease
released	AWD WD'
BounceKeys key	AX_BounceKeyReject
rejected	AV Cticles Lotels
StickyKeys key latched	AX_StickyLatch
	AV Stickyl col
StickyKeys key locked	AX_StickyLock
StickyKeys key	AX_StickyUnlock
unlocked	AA_SUCKY UHIOCK
umocked	

Audible Bells

Using Xkb you can generate bell events that do not necessarily ring the system bell. This is useful if you need to use an audio server instead of the system beep. For example, when an audio client starts, it could disable the audible bell (the system bell) and then listen for XkbBellNotify events. When it receives a XkbBellNotify event, the audio client could then send a request to an

audio server to play a sound.

You can control the audible bells feature by passing the XkbAudibleBellMask to *XkbChangeEnabledControls*. If you set XkbAudibleBellMask on, the server rings the system bell when a bell event occurs. This is the default. If you set XkbAudibleBellMask off and a bell event occurs, the server does not ring the system bell unless you call *XkbForceDeviceBell* or *XkbForceBell*.

Audible bells are also part of the per-client auto-reset controls.

Bell Functions

Use the functions described in this section to ring bells and to generate bell events.

The input extension has two types of feedbacks that can generate bells - bell feedback and keyboard feedback. Some of the functions in this section have *bell_class* and *bell_id* parameters; set them as follows: Set *bell_class* to BellFeedbackClass or KbdFeedbackClass. A device can have more than one feedback of each type; set *bell_id* to the particular bell feedback of *bell_class* type.

The Table 2 shows the conditions that cause a bell to sound or an XkbBellNotifyEvent to be generated when a bell function is called.

Table 2 Bell Sounding and Bell Event

Generating					
Function called XkbBellNotifyEve	AudibleI ent	AudibleBellServer sounds a bellServer sends an			
XkbDeviceBell	On	Yes	Yes		
XkbDeviceBell	Off	No	Yes		
XkbBell	On	Yes	Yes		
XkbBell	Off	No	Yes		
XkbDeviceBellEventOn or Off		No	Yes		
XkbBellEvent	On or Off	No	Yes		
XkbDeviceForceBellOn or		Yes	No		

Off
XkbForceBell On or Yes No
Off

Set *percent* to be the volume relative to the base volume for the keyboard as described for .I XBell.

Note that *bell_class* and *bell_id* indicate the bell to physically ring. *name* is simply an arbitrary moniker for the client application's use.

To determine the current feedback settings of an extension input device, use XGetFeedbackControl. See the X input extension documentation for more information on XGetFeedbackControl and related data structures.

If a compatible keyboard extension is not present in the X server, *XkbDeviceBell* immediately returns False. Otherwise, *XkbDeviceBell* rings the bell as specified for the display and keyboard device and returns True. If you have disabled the audible bell, the server does not ring the system bell, although it does generate a *XkbBellNotify* event.

You can call *XkbDeviceBell* without first initializing the keyboard extension.

STRUCTURES

Xkb generates XkbBellNotify events for all bells except for those resulting from calls to *XkbForceDeviceBell* and *XkbForceBell*. To receive XkbBellNotify events under all possible conditions, pass XkbBellNotifyMask in both the *bits_to_change* and *values_for_bits* parameters to *XkbSelectEvents*.

The XkbBellNotify event has no event details. It is either selected or it is not. However, you can call XkbSelectEventDetails using XkbBellNotify as the event_type and specifying XkbAllBellEventsMask in bits_to_change and values_for_bits. This has the same effect as a call to XkbSelectEvents.

The structure for the XkbBellNotify event type contains:

```
unsigned int device; /* Xkb device ID, will not be XkbUseCoreKbd */
           percent; /* requested volume as % of max */
  int
                     /* requested pitch in Hz */
  int
           pitch;
  int
           duration; /* requested duration in microseconds */
  unsigned int bell_class; /* X input extension feedback class */
  unsigned int bell id; /* X input extension feedback ID */
                        /* "name" of requested bell */
  Atom
             name;
  Window
               window:
                           /* window associated with event */
  Bool
             event_only; /* False -> the server did not produce a beep */
} XkbBellNotifyEvent;
```

If your application needs to generate visual bell feedback on the screen when it receives a bell event, use the window ID in the XkbBellNotifyEvent, if present.

SEE ALSO

XBell(3), XkbBellNotify(3), XkbChangeEnabledControls(3), XkbDeviceBell(3), XkbForceBell(3), XkbForceBell(3), XkbForceBell(3), XkbSelectEvents(3)