#### **NAME**

```
acl_dup - duplicate an ACL
```

### **LIBRARY**

Standard C Library (libc, -lc)

### **SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <sys/acl.h>

acl_t
acl_dup(acl_t acl);
```

### DESCRIPTION

The acl\_dup() function returns a pointer to a copy of the ACL pointed to by the argument acl.

This function may cause memory to be allocated. The caller should free any releasable memory, when the new ACL is no longer required, by calling acl\_free(3) with the (void\*)acl\_t as an argument.

Any existing ACL pointers that refer to the ACL referred to by acl shall continue to refer to the ACL.

### **IMPLEMENTATION NOTES**

FreeBSD's support for POSIX.1e interfaces and features is still under development at this time.

### RETURN VALUES

Upon successful completion, this function shall return a pointer to the duplicate ACL. Otherwise, a value of (acl t)NULL shall be returned, and errno shall be set to indicate the error.

## **ERRORS**

If any of the following conditions occur, the **acl\_init**() function shall return a value of (acl\_t)NULL and set *errno* to the corresponding value:

[EINVAL] Argument *acl* does not point to a valid ACL.

[ENOMEM] The *acl\_t* to be returned requires more memory than is allowed by the hardware or

system-imposed memory management constraints.

### **SEE ALSO**

```
acl(3), acl_free(3), acl_get(3), posix1e(3)
```

## **STANDARDS**

POSIX.1e is described in IEEE POSIX.1e draft 17. Discussion of the draft continues on the cross-platform POSIX.1e implementation mailing list. To join this list, see the FreeBSD POSIX.1e implementation page for more information.

# **HISTORY**

POSIX.1e support was introduced in FreeBSD 4.0, and development continues.

### **AUTHORS**

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