NAME

column - columnate lists

SYNOPSIS

COLUMN(1)

```
column [-tx] [-c columns] [-s sep] [file ...]
```

DESCRIPTION

The **column** utility formats its input into multiple columns. Rows are filled before columns. Input is taken from *file* operands, or, by default, from the standard input. Empty lines are ignored.

The options are as follows:

- -c Output is formatted for a display *columns* wide.
- -s Specify a set of characters to be used to delimit columns for the -t option.
- -t Determine the number of columns the input contains and create a table. Columns are delimited with whitespace, by default, or with the characters supplied using the -s option. Useful for pretty-printing displays.
- **-x** Fill columns before filling rows.

ENVIRONMENT

The COLUMNS, LANG, LC_ALL and LC_CTYPE environment variables affect the execution of **column** as described in environ(7).

EXIT STATUS

The **column** utility exits 0 on success, and >0 if an error occurs.

EXAMPLES

```
(printf "PERM LINKS OWNER GROUP SIZE MONTH DAY "; \ printf "HH:MM/YEAR NAME\n"; \ ls -l | sed 1d) | column -t
```

SEE ALSO

```
colrm(1), ls(1), paste(1), sort(1)
```

HISTORY

The **column** command appeared in 4.3BSD-Reno.

BUGS

Input lines are limited to LINE_MAX (2048) bytes in length.