

**NAME**

`curl_slist_append` - add a string to an slist

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <curl/curl.h>
```

```
struct curl_slist *curl_slist_append(struct curl_slist *list,  
                                     const char *string);
```

**DESCRIPTION**

*curl\_slist\_append(3)* appends a string to a linked list of strings. The existing **list** should be passed as the first argument and the new list is returned from this function. Pass in NULL in the **list** argument to create a new list. The specified **string** has been appended when this function returns.  
*curl\_slist\_append(3)* copies the string.

The list should be freed again (after usage) with *curl\_slist\_free\_all(3)*.

**EXAMPLE**

```
int main(void)  
{  
    CURL *handle;  
    struct curl_slist *slist = NULL;  
    struct curl_slist *temp = NULL;  
  
    slist = curl_slist_append(slist, "pragma:");  
  
    if(!slist)  
        return -1;  
  
    temp = curl_slist_append(slist, "Accept:");  
  
    if(!temp) {  
        curl_slist_free_all(slist);  
        return -1;  
    }  
  
    slist = temp;  
  
    curl_easy_setopt(handle, CURLOPT_HTTPHEADER, slist);
```

```
curl_easy_perform(handle);

curl_slist_free_all(slist); /* free the list again */
}
```

## AVAILABILITY

Always

## RETURN VALUE

A null pointer is returned if anything went wrong, otherwise the new list pointer is returned. To avoid overwriting an existing non-empty list on failure, the new list should be returned to a temporary variable which can be tested for NULL before updating the original list pointer.

## SEE ALSO

[curl\\_slist\\_free\\_all\(3\)](#)