## **NAME**

efidp - UEFI Device Path manipulation

#### **SYNOPSIS**

efidp [-fp] [--parse] [--format]

## **DESCRIPTION**

This program converts "Unified Extensible Firmware Interface" (UEFI) Device Paths, as defined in the UEFI standard, to and from binary form. Binary and textual forms are defined in Chapter 9 of the UEFI Specification.

-fformat	Formats a binary UEFI Device Path into its canonical UTF-8
	textual form. A binary Device Path can be no longer than 65536
	bytes. The textual form must fit into 65536 bytes. Multiple
	binary device paths may be specified.

-pparse	Parses a UEFI Device Path UTF-8 specification and outputs the
	binary Device Path form. Only one device path is parsed, even
	if there are multiple present in the input. Leading white space is
	ignored. The resulting binary Device Path can be no longer than
	65536 bytes. Multiple lines may be specified. Each one will be
	translated.

-eto-efi	Translate a Unix file path to an EFI Device Path.	The output is
	the textual representation of the EFI Device Path.	

-uto-unix	Translate an EFI device path to a Unix file path.	The input is
	the textual representation of the EFI Device Path.	

#### **SEE ALSO**

Appendix A of the UEFI specification has the format for GUIDs. All GUIDs "Globally Unique Identifiers" have the format described in RFC 4122.

The Unified Extensible Firmware Interface Specification is available from www.uefi.org.

# **HISTORY**

The **efidp** utility first appeared in FreeBSD 11.1.