#### **NAME**

efivar - UEFI environment variable interaction

## **SYNOPSIS**

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efivar [-abdDHlLNpqRtuw] [-n name] [-f file] [--append] [--ascii] [--attributes] [--binary] [--delete] [--device-path] [--fromfile file] [--guid] [--hex] [--list-guids] [--list] [--load-option] [--name name] [--no-name] [--print] [--print-decimal] [--quiet] [--raw-guid] [--utf8] [--write]
```

# **DESCRIPTION**

This program manages "Unified Extensible Firmware Interface" (UEFI) environment variables. UEFI variables have three parts: A namespace, a name and a value. The namespace is a GUID that is self assigned by the group defining the variables. The name is a Unicode name for the variable. The value is binary data. All Unicode data is presented to the user as UTF-8.

The following options are available:

-n namename name	Specify the name of the variable to operate on.	The name
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argument is the GUID of the variable, followed by a dash, followed by the UEFI variable name. The GUID may be in numeric format, or may be one of the well known symbolic

names (see --list-guids for a complete list).

**-f** file **--fromfile** file When writing or appending to a variable, take the data for the

variable's value from *file* instead of from the command line. This flag implies **--write** unless the **--append** or **--print** flags are given. This behavior is not well understood and is currently unimplemented for writes. When **--print** is specified, the contents of the file are used as the value to print using any other specified flags. This is used primarily for testing purposes for

more complicated variable decoding.

-a --append Append the specified value to the UEFI variable rather than

replacing it.

-t attr --attributes attr Specify, in hexadecimal, the attributes for this variable. See

section 7.2 (GetVariable subsection, Related Definitions) of the

UEFI Specification for hex values to use.

-A --ascii Display the variable data as modified ASCII: All printable

characters are printed, while unprintable characters are rendered

4 11 17 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 0/ 1 /
as a two-digit nexadecimal	l number preceded by a % character.

**-b --binary** Display the variable data as binary data. Usually will be used

with the -N or --no-name flag. Useful in scripts.

**-D --delete** Delete the specified variable. May not be used with either the

--write or the --append flags. No value may be specified.

**-d --device --device-path** Interpret the variables printed as UEFI device paths and print the

UEFI standard string representation.

**-g --guid** Convert GUIDs to names if they are known (and show them in

--list-guids).

**-H --hex** List variable data as a hex dump.

**-L --list-guids** Lists the well known GUIDs. The names listed here may be

used in place of the numeric GUID values. These names will replace the numeric GUID values unless the **--raw-guid** flag is

specified.

-l --list List all the variables. If the --print flag is also listed, their values

will be displayed.

**--load-option** Decode the variable as if it were a UEFI Boot Option, including

information about what device and/or paths the UEFI

DevicePaths decode to.

**-N --no-name** Do not display the variable name.

**-p --print** Print the value of the variable.

**-q --quiet** When an error occurs, exit with a non-zero value without

outputting any error messages. Otherwise, produce the normal

output and exit with a zero status.

**-R --raw-guid** Do not substitute well known names for GUID numeric values

in output.

**-u --utf8** Treat the value of the variable as UCS2 and convert it to UTF8

and print the result.

-w --write Write (replace) the variable specified with the value specified

from standard input. No command line option to do this is available since UEFI variables are binary structures rather than

strings. echo(1) -**n** can be used to specify simple strings.

name Display the name environment variable.

## **COMPATIBILITY**

The **efivar** program is intended to be compatible (strict superset) with a program of the same name included in the Red Hat libefivar package, but the **-d** and **--print-decimal** flags are not implemented and never will be.

The **-d** flag is short for **--device-path**.

## **SEE ALSO**

Appendix A of the UEFI specification has the format for GUIDs. All GUIDs "Globally Unique Identifiers" have the format described in RFC 4122.

# **HISTORY**

The efivar utility first appeared in FreeBSD 11.1.