FUNZIP(1L) FUNZIP(1L)

#### **NAME**

funzip - filter for extracting from a ZIP archive in a pipe

### **SYNOPSIS**

funzip [-password] [input[.zip/.gz]]

#### **ARGUMENTS**

[-password]

Optional password to be used if ZIP archive is encrypted. Decryption may not be supported at some sites. See DESCRIPTION for more details.

[input[.zip/.gz]]

Optional input archive file specification. See DESCRIPTION for details.

## DESCRIPTION

funzip without a file argument acts as a filter; that is, it assumes that a ZIP archive (or a gzip'd(1) file) is being piped into standard input, and it extracts the first member from the archive to stdout. When stdin comes from a tty device, funzip assumes that this cannot be a stream of (binary) compressed data and shows a short help text, instead. If there is a file argument, then input is read from the specified file instead of from stdin.

A password for encrypted zip files can be specified on the command line (preceding the file name, if any) by prefixing the password with a dash. Note that this constitutes a security risk on many systems; currently running processes are often visible via simple commands (e.g., ps(1) under Unix), and command-line histories can be read. If the first entry of the zip file is encrypted and no password is specified on the command line, then the user is prompted for a password and the password is not echoed on the console.

Given the limitation on single-member extraction, funzip is most useful in conjunction with a secondary archiver program such as tar(1). The following section includes an example illustrating this usage in the case of disk backups to tape.

# **EXAMPLES**

To use *funzip* to extract the first member file of the archive test.zip and to pipe it into *more*(1):

funzip test.zip | more

To use *funzip* to test the first member file of test.zip (any errors will be reported on standard error):

funzip test.zip > /dev/null

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To use zip and funzip in place of compress(1) and zcat(1) (or gzip(1L) and gzcat(1L)) for tape backups:

```
 \begin{array}{l} tar\;cf\;\text{-}\;.\;|\;zip\;\text{-}7\;|\;dd\;of\text{=}/dev/nrst0\;obs\text{=}8k\\ dd\;if\text{=}/dev/nrst0\;ibs\text{=}8k\;|\;funzip\;|\;tar\;xf\;\text{-} \end{array}
```

(where, for example, nrst0 is a SCSI tape drive).

## **BUGS**

When piping an encrypted file into *more* and allowing *funzip* to prompt for password, the terminal may sometimes be reset to a non-echo mode. This is apparently due to a race condition between the two programs; *funzip* changes the terminal mode to non-echo before *more* reads its state, and *more* then "restores" the terminal to this mode before exiting. To recover, run *funzip* on the same file but redirect to /dev/null rather than piping into more; after prompting again for the password, *funzip* will reset the terminal properly.

There is presently no way to extract any member but the first from a ZIP archive. This would be useful in the case where a ZIP archive is included within another archive. In the case where the first member is a directory, *funzip* simply creates the directory and exits.

The functionality of *funzip* should be incorporated into *unzip* itself (future release).

# **SEE ALSO**

```
gzip(1L), unzip(1L), unzipsfx(1L), zip(1L), zipcloak(1L), zipinfo(1L), zipnote(1L), zipsplit(1L)
```

# **URL**

```
The Info-ZIP home page is currently at http://www.info-zip.org/pub/infozip/ or ftp://ftp.info-zip.org/pub/infozip/ .
```

## **AUTHOR**

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