NAME
  fgets, **gets_s** - get a line from a stream

LIBRARY
  Standard C Library (libc, -lc)

SYNOPSIS
  #include <stdio.h>

  *char ***
  fgets(*char * restrict str*, *int size*, *FILE * restrict stream*);

  *char ***
  gets_s(*char *str*, *rsize_t size*);

DESCRIPTION
  The **fgets**() function reads at most one less than the number of characters specified by *size* from the
  given *stream* and stores them in the string *str*. Reading stops when a newline character is found, at end-
  of-file or error. The newline, if any, is retained. If any characters are read and there is no error, a '\0'
  character is appended to end the string.

  The **gets_s**() function is equivalent to **fgets**() with a *stream* of stdin, except that the newline character (if
  any) is not stored in the string.

  The **gets**() function was unsafe and is no longer available.

RETURN VALUES
  Upon successful completion, **fgets**() and **gets_s**() return a pointer to the string. If end-of-file occurs
  before any characters are read, they return NULL and the buffer contents remain unchanged. If an error
  occurs, they return NULL and the buffer contents are indeterminate. The **fgets**() and **gets_s**() functions
  do not distinguish between end-of-file and error, and callers must use feof(3) and ferror(3) to determine
  which occurred.

ERRORS
  [EBADF]   The given *stream* is not a readable stream.

  The function **fgets**() may also fail and set *errno* for any of the errors specified for the routines fflush(3),
  fstat(2), read(2), or malloc(3).

  The function **gets_s**() may also fail and set *errno* for any of the errors specified for the routine

getchar(3).

SEE ALSO
feof(3), ferror(3), fgetln(3), fgetws(3), getline(3)

STANDARDS
The **fgets**() function conforms to ISO/IEC 9899:1999 ("ISO C99"). **gets_s**() conforms to ISO/IEC 9899:2011 ("ISO C11") K.3.7.4.1. **gets**() has been removed from ISO/IEC 9899:2011 ("ISO C11").

HISTORY
The functions **fgets**() and **gets**() first appeared in Version 7 AT&T UNIX.