NAME

iflibdi - Device Independent Configuration Functions

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SYNOPSIS
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```
#include <ifdi_if.h>
```

```
Device Independent Functions
 int
 iflib_device_attach(device_t dev);
 int
 iflib_device_detach(device_t dev);
 int
 iflib_device_suspend(device_t dev);
 int
 iflib_device_resume(device_t dev);
 int
 iflib_device_register(device_t dev, void *softc, if_shared_ctx_t sctx, if_ctx_t *ctxp);
 int
 iflib_device_deregister(if_ctx_t ctx);
 int
 iflib_irq_alloc(if_ctx_t ctx, if_irq_t irq_info, int rid, driver_filter_t filter, void *filter_arg,
   driver_intr_t handler, void *arg, char *name);
 int
 iflib_irq_alloc_generic(if_ctx_t ctx, if_irq_t irq, int rid, intr_type_t type, driver_filter_t *filter,
   void *filter_arg, int qid, char *name);
 void
 iflib_led_create(if_ctx_t ctx);
 void
 iflib_tx_intr_deferred(if_ctx_t ctx, int txqid);
```

void

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iflib_rx_intr_deferred(if_ctx_t ctx, int rxqid);

void
iflib_link_intr_deferred(if_ctx_t ctx);

void
iflib_link_state_change(if_ctx_t ctx, int linkstate);

void
iflib_add_int_delay_sysctl(if_ctx_t ctx, const char *, const char *, if_int_delay_info_t, int, int);
```

Global Variables

extern struct if_txrx

DATA STRUCTURES

The *if_ctx_t* Structure is the device independent data structure that contains statistics and identifying information used to transmit and receive data packets. The interface is associated with an array of queues assigned sequentially. Each queue has its own transmit (iflib_txq_t) and receive (iflib_rxq_t) queue. The transmit queue is used to hold packets while the interface is in the process of sending another. The receive queue is used to receive packets that are awaiting processing.

The if_ctx_t Structure

The fields of *struct if_ctx_t* are as follows:

if_softc	(void) A pointer to the driver's private state block.
ifc_dev	(device_t) The underlying device structure.
ifc_ip	(<i>if_t</i>) A link back to the interface structure
ifc_cpus	(cpuset_t)
ifc_mutex	(struct mtx) Mutex lock used to maintain data integrity
ifc_mtx_name	
	(char *) The name of the mutex
ifc_txqs	(iflib_txq_t) Device independent transmit queue maintained internally by iflib
ifc_rxqs	(<i>iflib_rxq_t</i>) Device independent receive queue maintained internally by iflib

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(iflib_qset_t) Output queue that contains a single transmit (ifc_txq_t) and receive
ifc_qsets
               (ifc_rxq_t) queue
               (uint32_t) Flags describing the operational parameter of the interface
ifc_if_flags
ifc_in_detach (int)
ifc link state (int) Describes the current link state of the Ethernet interface. Its possible values
               are either active or inactive.
ifc_link_irq
               (int)
ifc_vlan_attach_event
               (eventhandler_tag)
ifc_vlan_detach_event
               (eventhandler_tag)
ifc_pause_frames
               (int)
ifc_watchdog_events
               (int)
ifc_mac
               (uint8_t)
ifc_msix_mem
               (struct resource *)
ifc_legacy_irq
               (struct if_irq)
ifc_admin_task
               (struct grouptask) Taskqueue task scheduled for link state change events of the
               interface
ifc_filter_info (struct iflib_filter_info) Statistics and information relating to the interface device
               filter
ifc_media
               (struct ifmedia)
```

ifc_txrx (*struct if_txrx*)

FUNCTIONS

The above named functions are found exclusively in iflib. They are independent of the underlying hardware type or configuration.

Device Independent Functions

iflib device attach()

Function initiates a device registration with the iflib framework. It calls the iflib_register function, which is responsible for allocating and initializing the *if_ctx_t* structure.

iflib_device_detach()

Shutdown and detach the device. Unregister vlan events, drain any dependent tasks, and release irq, pci, and msix memory.

iflib_device_suspend()

Suspend a device by calling the device dependent suspend function and bus_generic_suspend.

iflib_device_resume()

Resume a device by calling the device dependent resume function, the iflib_init_locked function, and bus generic resume.

iflib_device_register()

Register a device with the iflib framework. Allocate and initialize the *if_ctx_t* structure. Setup and initialize the MSI or MSI/X interrupt queues if necessary. Allocate memory for queues and qset structure setup.

iflib_irq_alloc()

Allocate an interrupt resource for a given rid value with an associated filter and handler function.

iflib_irq_alloc_generic()

Performs the same function as iflib_device_irq_alloc along with the additional functionality of adding a taskgroup. The data fields and callback function are determined by the type of interrupt, such as IFLIB_INTR_TX, IFLIB_INTR_RX, and IFLIB_INTR_ADMIN.

iflib_led_create()

Calls led_create to initialize the ctx->ifc_led_dev field

iflib_tx_intr_deferred()

Calls GROUPTASK_ENQUEUE to enqueue the transfer queues ift_task.

iflib_rx_intr_deferred()

Calls GROUPTASK_ENQUEUE to enqueue the receive queues ifr_task.

iflib_link_intr_deferred()

Calls GROUPTASK_ENQUEUE to enqueue the link task

iflib_link_state_change()

Change the interface link status to either LINK_STATE_UP or LINK_STATE_DOWN as specified by the second argument to the function.

Interface Link States The following link states are currently defined:

LINK_STATE_UP

The link is up.

LINK_STATE_DOWN

The link is down.

$if lib_add_int_delay_sysctl()$

Modifies settings to user defined values for a given set of variables.

SEE ALSO

iflibdd(9), iflibtxrx(9)

AUTHORS

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