

NAME

krb5_krbhst_init, **krb5_krbhst_init_flags**, **krb5_krbhst_next**, **krb5_krbhst_next_as_string**,
krb5_krbhst_reset, **krb5_krbhst_free**, **krb5_krbhst_format_string**, **krb5_krbhst_get_addrinfo** - lookup
Kerberos KDC hosts

LIBRARY

Kerberos 5 Library (libkrb5, -lkrb5)

SYNOPSIS

#include <krb5.h>

krb5_error_code

krb5_krbhst_init(*krb5_context context*, *const char *realm*, *unsigned int type*,
*krb5_krbhst_handle *handle*);

krb5_error_code

krb5_krbhst_init_flags(*krb5_context context*, *const char *realm*, *unsigned int type*, *int flags*,
*krb5_krbhst_handle *handle*);

krb5_error_code

krb5_krbhst_next(*krb5_context context*, *krb5_krbhst_handle handle*, *krb5_krbhst_info **host*);

krb5_error_code

krb5_krbhst_next_as_string(*krb5_context context*, *krb5_krbhst_handle handle*, *char *hostname*,
size_t hostlen);

void

krb5_krbhst_reset(*krb5_context context*, *krb5_krbhst_handle handle*);

void

krb5_krbhst_free(*krb5_context context*, *krb5_krbhst_handle handle*);

krb5_error_code

krb5_krbhst_format_string(*krb5_context context*, *const krb5_krbhst_info *host*, *char *hostname*,
size_t hostlen);

krb5_error_code

krb5_krbhst_get_addrinfo(*krb5_context context*, *krb5_krbhst_info *host*, *struct addrinfo **ai*);

DESCRIPTION

These functions are used to sequence through all Kerberos hosts of a particular realm and service. The service type can be the KDCs, the administrative servers, the password changing servers, or the servers for Kerberos 4 ticket conversion.

First a handle to a particular service is obtained by calling **krb5_krbhst_init()** (or **krb5_krbhst_init_flags()**) with the *realm* of interest and the type of service to lookup. The *type* can be one of:

```
KRB5_KRBHST_KDC
KRB5_KRBHST_ADMIN
KRB5_KRBHST_CHANGEPW
KRB5_KRBHST_KRB524
```

The *handle* is returned to the caller, and should be passed to the other functions.

The *flag* argument to **krb5_krbhst_init_flags** is the same flags as **krb5_send_to_kdc_flags()** uses. Possible values are:

```
KRB5_KRBHST_FLAGS_MASTER    only talk to master (readwrite) KDC
KRB5_KRBHST_FLAGS_LARGE_MSG this is a large message, so use transport that can
                             handle that.
```

For each call to **krb5_krbhst_next()** information on a new host is returned. The former function returns in *host* a pointer to a structure containing information about the host, such as protocol, hostname, and port:

```
typedef struct krb5_krbhst_info {
    enum { KRB5_KRBHST_UDP,
           KRB5_KRBHST_TCP,
           KRB5_KRBHST_HTTP } proto;
    unsigned short port;
    struct addrinfo *ai;
    struct krb5_krbhst_info *next;
    char hostname[1];
} krb5_krbhst_info;
```

The related function, **krb5_krbhst_next_as_string()**, return the same information as a URL-like string.

When there are no more hosts, these functions return **KRB5_KDC_UNREACH**.

To re-iterate over all hosts, call **krb5_krbhst_reset()** and the next call to **krb5_krbhst_next()** will return the first host.

When done with the handle, **krb5_krbhst_free()** should be called.

To use a *krb5_krbhst_info*, there are two functions: **krb5_krbhst_format_string()** that will return a printable representation of that struct and **krb5_krbhst_get_addrinfo()** that will return a *struct addrinfo* that can then be used for communicating with the server mentioned.

EXAMPLES

The following code will print the KDCs of the realm "MY.REALM":

```
krb5_krbhst_handle handle;
char host[MAXHOSTNAMELEN];
krb5_krbhst_init(context, "MY.REALM", KRB5_KRBHST_KDC, &handle);
while(krb5_krbhst_next_as_string(context, handle,
                                host, sizeof(host)) == 0)
    printf("%s\n", host);
krb5_krbhst_free(context, handle);
```

SEE ALSO

getaddrinfo(3), krb5_get_krbhst(3), krb5_send_to_kdc_flags(3)

HISTORY

These functions first appeared in Heimdal 0.3g.