### **NAME**

ldns\_dnssec\_zone, ldns\_dnssec\_name, ldns\_dnssec\_rrs, ldns\_dnssec\_rrsets - data structures

```
SYNOPSIS
```

```
#include <stdint.h>
    #include <stdbool.h>
    #include <ldns/ldns.h>
    ldns_dnssec_zone();
DESCRIPTION
    ldns_dnssec_zone()
    ldns_dnssec_name
        Structure containing all resource records for a domain name
        Including the derived NSEC3, if present
        struct ldns_struct_dnssec_name
        {
                 * pointer to a dname containing the name.
                 * Usually points to the owner name of the first RR of the first RRset
                 */
                ldns_rdf *name;
                /**
                 * Usually, the name is a pointer to the owner name of the first rr for
                 * this name, but sometimes there is no actual data to point to,
                 * for instance in
                 * names representing empty nonterminals. If so, set name_alloced to true to
                 * indicate that this data must also be freed when the name is freed
                 */
                bool name_alloced;
                 * The rrsets for this name
                ldns_dnssec_rrsets *rrsets;
                 * NSEC pointing to the next name (or NSEC3 pointing to the next NSEC3)
```

```
ldns_rr *nsec;
            /**
             * signatures for the NSEC record
            ldns_dnssec_rrs *nsec_signatures;
             * Unlike what the name is_glue suggests, this field is set to true by
             * ldns dnssec zone mark glue() or ldns dnssec zone mark and get glue()
             * when the name, this dnssec_name struct represents, is occluded.
             * Names that contain other occluded rrsets and records with glue on
             * the delegation point will NOT have this bool set to true.
             * This field should NOT be read directly, but only via the
             * ldns_dnssec_name_is_glue() function!
             */
            bool is_glue;
            /**
             * pointer to store the hashed name (only used when in an NSEC3 zone
            ldns rdf *hashed name;
    };
    typedef struct ldns_struct_dnssec_name ldns_dnssec_name;
ldns_dnssec_rrs
    Singly linked list of rrs
    struct ldns_struct_dnssec_rrs
    {
            ldns_rr *rr;
            ldns_dnssec_rrs *next;
    };
    typedef struct ldns_struct_dnssec_rrs ldns_dnssec_rrs;
ldns dnssec rrsets
    Singly linked list of RRsets
    struct ldns_struct_dnssec_rrsets
    {
            ldns_dnssec_rrs *rrs;
            ldns_rr_type type;
            ldns_dnssec_rrs *signatures;
```

```
ldns_dnssec_rrsets *next;
};

typedef struct ldns_struct_dnssec_rrsets ldns_dnssec_rrsets;
```

## **AUTHOR**

The ldns team at NLnet Labs.

## REPORTING BUGS

Please report bugs to ldns-team@nlnetlabs.nl or in our bugzilla at http://www.nlnetlabs.nl/bugs/index.html

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# **SEE ALSO**

ldns\_dnssec\_zone\_new, ldns\_dnssec\_name\_new, ldns\_dnssec\_rrs\_new, ldns\_dnssec\_rrsets\_new. And perldoc Net::DNS, RFC1034, RFC1035, RFC4033, RFC4034 and RFC4035.

## **REMARKS**

This manpage was automatically generated from the ldns source code.