NAME

    alloc_pair, **find_pair**, **free_pair** - new curses color-pair functions

SYNOPSIS

    #include <curses.h>

    int alloc_pair(int *fg***, int** *bg***);**
    int find_pair(int *fg***, int** *bg***);**
    int free_pair(int *pair***);**

DESCRIPTION

    These functions are an extension to the curses library. They permit an application to dynamically
    allocate a color pair using the foreground/background colors rather than assign a fixed color pair
    number, and return an unused pair to the pool.

    The number of colors may be related to the number of possible color pairs for a given terminal, or it
    may not:

    ⊕   While almost all terminals allow setting the color *attributes* independently, it is unlikely that your
          terminal allows you to modify the attributes of a given character cell without rewriting it. That is,
          the foreground and background colors are applied as a pair.

    ⊕   Color pairs are the curses library's way of managing a color palette on a terminal. If the library
          does not keep track of the *combinations* of colors which are displayed, it will be inefficient.

    ⊕   For simple terminal emulators with only a few dozen color combinations, it is convenient to use
          the maximum number of combinations as the limit on color pairs:

        COLORS * **COLORS**

    ⊕   Terminals which support *default colors* distinct from "ANSI colors" add to the possible
          combinations, producing this total:

        (**COLORS** *+ 1) * (* **COLORS** *+ 1)*

    ⊕   An application might use up to a few dozen color pairs to implement a predefined color scheme.

          Beyond that lies in the realm of programs using the foreground and background colors for "ASCII
          art" (or some other non-textual application).

Also beyond those few dozen pairs, the required size for a table to represent the combinations grows rapidly with an increasing number of colors.

These functions allow a developer to let the screen library manage color pairs.

alloc_pair

The **alloc_pair** function accepts parameters for foreground and background color, and checks if that color combination is already associated with a color pair.

⊕   If the combination already exists, **alloc_pair** returns the existing pair.

⊕   If the combination does not exist, **alloc_pair** allocates a new color pair and returns that.

⊕   If the table fills up, **alloc_pair** discards the least-recently allocated entry using **free_pair** and allocates a new color pair.

All of the color pairs are allocated from a table of possible color pairs. The size of the table is determined by the terminfo *pairs* capability. The table is shared with **init_pair**; in fact **alloc_pair** calls **init_pair** after updating the ncurses library's fast index to the colors versus color pairs.

find_pair

The **find_pair** function accepts parameters for foreground and background color, and checks if that color combination is already associated with a color pair, returning the pair number if it has been allocated. Otherwise it returns -1.

free_pair

Marks the given color pair as unused, i.e., like color pair 0.

RETURN VALUE

The **alloc_pair** function returns a color pair number in the range 1 through **COLOR_PAIRS**-1, unless it encounters an error updating its fast index to the color pair values, preventing it from allocating a color pair. In that case, it returns -1.

The **find_pair** function returns a color pair number if the given color combination has been associated with a color pair, or -1 if not.

Likewise, **free_pair** returns **OK** unless it encounters an error updating the fast index or if no such color pair is in use.

PORTABILITY

These routines are specific to ncurses. They were not supported on Version 7, BSD or System V implementations. It is recommended that any code depending on them be conditioned using NCURSES_VERSION.

SEE ALSO
   curs_color(3X).

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