### **NAME**

pam\_ssh - authentication and session management with SSH private keys

### **SYNOPSIS**

[service-name] module-type control-flag pam\_ssh [options]

## DESCRIPTION

The SSH authentication service module for PAM, **pam\_ssh** provides functionality for two PAM categories: authentication and session management. In terms of the *module-type* parameter, they are the "auth" and "session" features.

### **SSH Authentication Module**

The SSH authentication component provides a function to verify the identity of a user (pam\_sm\_authenticate()), by prompting the user for a passphrase and verifying that it can decrypt the target user's SSH key using that passphrase.

The following options may be passed to the authentication module:

**use\_first\_pass** If the authentication module is not the first in the stack, and a previous module obtained the user's password, that password is used to authenticate the user. If this fails, the authentication module returns failure without prompting the user for a password. This option has no effect if the authentication module is the first in the stack, or if no previous modules obtained the user's password.

**try\_first\_pass** This option is similar to the **use\_first\_pass** option, except that if the previously obtained password fails, the user is prompted for another password.

**nullok** Normally, keys with no passphrase are ignored for authentication purposes. If this option is set, keys with no passphrase will be taken into consideration, allowing the user to log in with a blank password.

# **SSH Session Management Module**

The SSH session management component provides functions to initiate (pam\_sm\_open\_session()) and terminate (pam\_sm\_close\_session()) sessions. The pam\_sm\_open\_session() function starts an SSH agent, passing it any private keys it decrypted during the authentication phase, and sets the environment variables the agent specifies. The pam\_sm\_close\_session() function kills the previously started SSH agent by sending it a SIGTERM.

The following options may be passed to the session management module:

want\_agent Start an agent even if no keys were decrypted during the authentication phase.

## **FILES**

\$HOME/.ssh/id\_rsa SSH2 RSA key \$HOME/.ssh/id\_dsa SSH2 DSA key \$HOME/.ssh/id\_ecdsa SSH2 ECDSA key \$HOME/.ssh/id\_ed25519 SSH2 Ed25519 key

## **SEE ALSO**

ssh-agent(1), pam.conf(5), pam(3)

### **AUTHORS**

The **pam\_ssh** module was originally written by Andrew J. Korty *<ajk@iu.edu>*. The current implementation was developed for the FreeBSD Project by ThinkSec AS and NAI Labs, the Security Research Division of Network Associates, Inc. under DARPA/SPAWAR contract N66001-01-C-8035 ("CBOSS"), as part of the DARPA CHATS research program. This manual page was written by Mark R V Murray *<markm@FreeBSD.org>*.