### **NAME**

pg\_checksums - enable, disable or check data checksums in a PostgreSQL database cluster

## **SYNOPSIS**

```
pg_checksums [option...] [[-D | --pgdata]datadir]
```

## DESCRIPTION

pg\_checksums checks, enables or disables data checksums in a PostgreSQL cluster. The server must be shut down cleanly before running pg\_checksums. When verifying checksums, the exit status is zero if there are no checksum errors, and nonzero if at least one checksum failure is detected. When enabling or disabling checksums, the exit status is nonzero if the operation failed.

When verifying checksums, every file in the cluster is scanned. When enabling checksums, each relation file block with a changed checksum is rewritten in-place. Disabling checksums only updates the file pg\_control.

## **OPTIONS**

The following command-line options are available:

- **-D** directory
- --pgdata=directory

Specifies the directory where the database cluster is stored.

-c

## --check

Checks checksums. This is the default mode if nothing else is specified.

-d

# --disable

Disables checksums.

**-е** 

## --enable

Enables checksums.

- -f filenode
- --filenode=filenode

Only validate checksums in the relation with filenode *filenode*.

-N

## --no-sync

By default, **pg\_checksums** will wait for all files to be written safely to disk. This option causes **pg\_checksums** to return without waiting, which is faster, but means that a subsequent operating system crash can leave the updated data directory corrupt. Generally, this option is useful for testing but should not be used on a production installation. This option has no effect when using --check.

## -P

# --progress

Enable progress reporting. Turning this on will deliver a progress report while checking or enabling checksums.

#### -V

### --verbose

Enable verbose output. Lists all checked files.

### $-\mathbf{V}$

### --version

Print the pg\_checksums version and exit.

## -?

## --help

Show help about pg\_checksums command line arguments, and exit.

## **ENVIRONMENT**

## **PGDATA**

Specifies the directory where the database cluster is stored; can be overridden using the **-D** option.

# PG\_COLOR

Specifies whether to use color in diagnostic messages. Possible values are always, auto and never.

## **NOTES**

Enabling checksums in a large cluster can potentially take a long time. During this operation, the cluster or other programs that write to the data directory must not be started or else data loss may occur.

When using a replication setup with tools which perform direct copies of relation file blocks (for example **pg\_rewind**(1)), enabling or disabling checksums can lead to page corruptions in the shape of incorrect checksums if the operation is not done consistently across all nodes. When enabling or disabling checksums in a replication setup, it is thus recommended to stop all the clusters before

switching them all consistently. Destroying all standbys, performing the operation on the primary and finally recreating the standbys from scratch is also safe.

If pg\_checksums is aborted or killed while enabling or disabling checksums, the cluster's data checksum configuration remains unchanged, and pg\_checksums can be re-run to perform the same operation.