

NAME

`pg_test_fsync` - determine fastest *wal_sync_method* for PostgreSQL

SYNOPSIS

`pg_test_fsync` [*option...*]

DESCRIPTION

`pg_test_fsync` is intended to give you a reasonable idea of what the fastest *wal_sync_method* is on your specific system, as well as supplying diagnostic information in the event of an identified I/O problem. However, differences shown by `pg_test_fsync` might not make any significant difference in real database throughput, especially since many database servers are not speed-limited by their write-ahead logs. `pg_test_fsync` reports average file sync operation time in microseconds for each *wal_sync_method*, which can also be used to inform efforts to optimize the value of *commit_delay*.

OPTIONS

`pg_test_fsync` accepts the following command-line options:

-f

--filename

Specifies the file name to write test data in. This file should be in the same file system that the `pg_wal` directory is or will be placed in. (`pg_wal` contains the WAL files.) The default is `pg_test_fsync.out` in the current directory.

-s

--secs-per-test

Specifies the number of seconds for each test. The more time per test, the greater the test's accuracy, but the longer it takes to run. The default is 5 seconds, which allows the program to complete in under 2 minutes.

-V

--version

Print the `pg_test_fsync` version and exit.

-?

--help

Show help about `pg_test_fsync` command line arguments, and exit.

ENVIRONMENT

The environment variable **PG_COLOR** specifies whether to use color in diagnostic messages. Possible values are always, auto and never.

SEE ALSO

postgres(1)