

NAME

pkg annotate - add, modify or delete arbitrary annotations from packages

SYNOPSIS

pkg annotate [-qy] -A|M [-Cgix] pkg-name tag [value]

pkg annotate [-qy] -S|D [-Cgix] pkg-name tag

pkg annotate [-qy] -a -A|M tag [value]

pkg annotate [-qy] -a -S|D tag

pkg annotate [--{quiet,yes}] --{add|modify} [--{case-sensitive,case-insensitive,glob,regex}] pkg-name tag [value]

pkg annotate [--{quiet,yes}] --{show|delete} [--{case-sensitive,case-insensitive,glob,regex}] pkg-name tag

pkg annotate [--{quiet,yes}] --all --{add|modify} tag [value]

pkg annotate [--{quiet,yes}] --all --{show|delete} tag

DESCRIPTION

pkg annotate is used to add, modify, delete or show package annotations. These are freeform tag-value pairs which may contain any arbitrary text. *Tags* must be unique per package, but there is no restriction on what text *values* may be attached to them.

The *tag* is always specified on the command line, but when adding or modifying an annotation, the *value* may be supplied either on the command line or as a text stream on stdin.

OPTIONS

The following options are supported by **pkg annotate**:

-a, --all

Annotate all installed packages.

-A, --add

The operation is to add a new annotation. Attempting to add an annotation with a *tag* that already applies to that package is an error, but this will not cause **pkg annotate** to exit before attempting to apply the annotation to all remaining matched packages.

-C, --case-sensitive

Make the standard or the regular expression (-x) matching against *pkg-name* case sensitive.

-D, --delete

The operation is to delete an annotation. Only the *tag* needs to be specified. Attempting to

delete an annotation which does not exist on a package is an error, but this will not prevent **pkg annotate** carrying on to delete the annotation from all matched packages.

-g, --glob

Treat *pkg-name* as a shell glob pattern.

-i, --case-insensitive

Make the standard or the regular expression (-x) matching against *pkg-name* case insensitive.
This is the default, unless modified by setting CASE_SENSITIVE_MATCH to true in *pkg.conf*.

-M, --modify

The operation is to modify a previously existing annotation. Functionally, this behaves similarly to -A except that it will succeed irrespective of whether the tag already applies to all the matched packages.

-q, --quiet

Operate quietly: do not output anything other than confirmatory questions.

-S, --show

Display the annotation identified by *tag* for each matched package.

-x, --regex

Treat *pkg-name* as a regular expression according to the "modern" or "extended" syntax of re_format(7).

-y, --yes

Assume "yes" as the answer to all questions.

ENVIRONMENT

The following environment variables affect the execution of **pkg annotate**. See *pkg.conf(5)* for further description.

PKG_DBDIR

DEFAULT_ALWAYS_YES

ASSUME_ALWAYS_YES

CASE_SENSITIVE_MATCH

FILES

See `pkg.conf(5)`.

EXAMPLES

Annotate the `nginx` package with the tag `foo` and a value of `bar`:

```
# pkg annotate -A nginx foo bar
```

View all annotations on a package:

```
$ pkg info nginx
```

Remove the annotation:

```
# pkg annotate -D nginx foo
```

Show all packages with the `foo` annotation:

```
# pkg annotate --all --show foo
```

SEE ALSO

`pkg_create(3)`, `pkg_printf(3)`, `pkg_repos(3)`, `pkg_keywords(5)`, `pkg-lua-script(5)`, `pkg-repository(5)`,
`pkg-script(5)`, `pkg-triggers(5)`, `pkg.conf(5)`, `pkg(8)`, `pkg-add(8)`, `pkg-alias(8)`, `pkg-audit(8)`,
`pkg-autoremove(8)`, `pkg-check(8)`, `pkg-clean(8)`, `pkg-config(8)`, `pkg-create(8)`, `pkg-delete(8)`,
`pkg-fetch(8)`, `pkg-info(8)`, `pkg-install(8)`, `pkg-lock(8)`, `pkg-query(8)`, `pkg-register(8)`, `pkg-repo(8)`,
`pkg-rquery(8)`, `pkg-search(8)`, `pkg-set(8)`, `pkg-shell(8)`, `pkg-shlib(8)`, `pkg-ssh(8)`, `pkg-stats(8)`,
`pkg-triggers(8)`, `pkg-update(8)`, `pkg-updating(8)`, `pkg-upgrade(8)`, `pkg-version(8)`, `pkg-which(8)`