NAME

pmclog_open, pmclog_close, pmclog_read, pmclog_feed - parse event log data generated by hwpmc(4)

LIBRARY

Performance Counters Library (libpmc, -lpmc)

SYNOPSIS

#include <pmclog.h>

void *
pmclog_open(int fd);

void
pmclog_close(void *cookie);

int

pmclog_read(void *cookie, struct pmclog_ev *ev);

int
pmclog_feed(void *cookie, char *data, int len);

DESCRIPTION

These functions provide a way for application programs to extract events from an event stream generated by hwpmc(4).

A new event log parser is allocated using **pmclog_open**(). Argument *fd* may be a file descriptor opened for reading if the event stream is present in a file, or the constant PMCLOG_FD_NONE for an event stream present in memory. This function returns a cookie that is passed into the other functions in this API set.

Function **pmclog_read**() returns the next available event in the event stream associated with argument *cookie*. Argument *ev* points to an event descriptor that which will contain the result of a successfully parsed event.

An event descriptor returned by **pmclog_read**() has the following structure:

struct pmclog_ev {
 enum pmclog_state pl_state; /* parser state after 'get_event()' */
 off_t pl_offset; /* byte offset in stream */
 size t pl count; /* count of records so far */

struct timespec pl_ts;	/* log entry timestamp */	
enum pmclog_type pl_type;	/* log entry kind */	
union {	/* log entry data */	
struct pmclog_ev	_callchain pl_cc;	
struct pmclog_ev_	_closelog pl_cl;	
struct pmclog_ev	_dropnotify pl_d;	
<pre>struct pmclog_ev_initialize pl_i;</pre>		
struct pmclog_ev_	_map_in pl_mi;	
struct pmclog_ev_	_map_out pl_mo;	
struct pmclog_ev_	_pmcallocate pl_a;	
struct pmclog_ev_	_pmcallocatedyn pl_ad;	
struct pmclog_ev_	_pmcattach pl_t;	
struct pmclog_ev_	_pmcdetach pl_d;	
struct pmclog_ev_	_proccsw pl_c;	
struct pmclog_ev_	_procexec pl_x;	
struct pmclog_ev_	_procexit pl_e;	
struct pmclog_ev_	_procfork pl_f;	
struct pmclog_ev_	_sysexit pl_e;	
struct pmclog_ev_	_userdata pl_u;	
l pl u:		

};

The current state of the parser is recorded in *pl_state*. This field can take on the following values:

PMCLOG_EOF	(For file based parsers only) An end-of-file condition was encountered on the configured file descriptor.
PMCLOG_ERROR	An error occurred during parsing.
PMCLOG_OK	A complete event record was read into *ev.
PMCLOG_REQUIRE_DATA	There was insufficient data in the event stream to assemble a complete event record. For memory based parsers, more data can be fed to the parser using function pmclog_feed (). For file based parsers, function pmclog_read () may be retried when data is available on the configured file descriptor.

The rest of the event structure is valid only if field pl_state contains PMCLOG_OK. Field pl_offset contains the offset of the current record in the byte stream. Field pl_count contains the serial number of this event. Field pl_ts contains a timestamp with the system time when the event occurred. Field

pl_type denotes the kind of the event returned in argument **ev* and is one of the following:

PMCLOG_TYPE_CLOSELOG	A marker indicating a successful close of a log file. This record will be the last record of a log file.
PMCLOG_TYPE_DROPNOTIFY	A marker indicating that hwpmc(4) had to drop data due to a resource constraint.
PMCLOG_TYPE_INITIALIZE	An initialization record. This is the first record in a log file.
PMCLOG_TYPE_MAP_IN	A record describing the introduction of a mapping to an executable object by a kldload(2) or mmap(2) system call.
PMCLOG_TYPE_MAP_OUT	A record describing the removal of a mapping to an executable object by a kldunload(2) or munmap(2) system call.
PMCLOG_TYPE_PCSAMPLE	A record containing an instruction pointer sample.
PMCLOG_TYPE_PMCALLOCATE	A record describing a PMC allocation operation.
PMCLOG_TYPE_PMCATTACH	A record describing a PMC attach operation.
PMCLOG_TYPE_PMCDETACH	A record describing a PMC detach operation.
PMCLOG_TYPE_PROCCSW	A record describing a PMC reading at the time of a process context switch.
PMCLOG_TYPE_PROCEXEC	A record describing an execve(2) by a target process.
PMCLOG_TYPE_PROCEXIT	A record describing the accumulated PMC reading for a process at the time of _exit(2).
PMCLOG_TYPE_PROCFORK	A record describing a fork(2) by a target process.
PMCLOG_TYPE_SYSEXIT	A record describing a process exit, sent to processes owning system-wide sampling PMCs.
PMCLOG_TYPE_USERDATA	A record containing user data.

Function **pmclog_feed**() is used with parsers configured to parse memory based event streams. It is

intended to be called when function **pmclog_read**() indicates the need for more data by a returning PMCLOG_REQUIRE_DATA in field *pl_state* of its event structure argument. Argument *data* points to the start of a memory buffer containing fresh event data. Argument *len* indicates the number of data bytes available. The memory range [*data*, *data* + *len*] must remain valid till the next time **pmclog_read**() returns an error. It is an error to use **pmclog_feed**() on a parser configured to parse file data.

Function **pmclog_close()** releases the internal state allocated by a prior call to **pmclog_open()**.

RETURN VALUES

Function pmclog_open() will return a non-NULL value if successful or NULL otherwise.

Function **pmclog_read**() will return 0 in case a complete event record was successfully read, or will return -1 and will set the *pl_state* field of the event record to the appropriate code in case of an error.

Function **pmclog_feed**() will return 0 on success or -1 in case of failure.

EXAMPLES

A template for using the log file parsing API is shown below in pseudocode:

void *parser;	/* cookie */
struct pmclog_ev ev;	/* parsed event */
int fd;	/* file descriptor */

--handle an out of memory error--;

```
/* read and parse data */
while (pmclog_read(parser, &ev) == 0) {
    assert(ev.pl_state == PMCLOG_OK);
    /* process the event */
    switch (ev.pl_type) {
    case PMCLOG_TYPE_ALLOCATE:
        --process a pmc allocation record--
        break;
    case PMCLOG_TYPE_PROCCSW:
        --process a thread context switch record--
        break;
    case PMCLOG_TYPE_CALLCHAIN:
```

```
--process a callchain sample--
                  break:
         --and so on--
         }
}
/* examine parser state */
switch (ev.pl_state) {
case PMCLOG_EOF:
         --normal termination--
         break;
case PMCLOG_ERROR:
         --look at errno here--
         break;
case PMCLOG_REQUIRE_DATA:
         --arrange for more data to be available for parsing--
         break;
default:
         assert(0);
         /*NOTREACHED*/
}
pmclog_close(parser);
                                     /* cleanup */
```

ERRORS

A call to **pmclog_init_parser**() may fail with any of the errors returned by malloc(3).

A call to **pmclog_read**() for a file based parser may fail with any of the errors returned by read(2).

SEE ALSO

read(2), malloc(3), pmc(3), hwpmc(4), pmcstat(8)

HISTORY

The pmclog API first appeared in FreeBSD 6.0.