#### NAME

pthread\_rwlock\_timedwrlock - acquire a read-write lock for writing or give up after a specified period

# LIBRARY

POSIX Threads Library (libpthread, -lpthread)

#### SYNOPSIS

#### #include <pthread.h>

#### int

# DESCRIPTION

This function acquires a write lock on the read-write lock *rwlock*. However, if the lock cannot be acquired without waiting for another thread to unlock the lock, this wait shall be terminated when *abs\_timeout* expires.

If the thread should be interrupted by a signal, the **pthread\_rwlock\_timedwrlock**() function will be automatically restarted after the thread returns from the signal handler.

The calling thread may deadlock if at the time the call is made it holds *rwlock*. The results are undefined if this function is called with an uninitialized read-write lock.

# **IMPLEMENTATION NOTES**

To prevent writer starvation, writers are favored over readers.

# **RETURN VALUES**

If successful, the **pthread\_rwlock\_timedwrlock**() function will return zero. Otherwise, an error number will be returned to indicate the error.

This function shall not return an error code of EINTR.

### ERRORS

The **pthread\_rwlock\_timedwrlock**() function shall fail if:

[ETIMEDOUT] The lock could not be acquired before the specified timeout expired.

The pthread\_rwlock\_timedwrlock() function may fail if:

[EDEADLK] The calling thread already holds *rwlock*.

[EINVAL] The value specified by *rwlock* does not refer to an initialized read-write lock object, or the *abs\_timeout* nanosecond value is less than zero or greater than or equal to 1 billion.

### SEE ALSO

pthread\_rwlock\_init(3), pthread\_rwlock\_timedrdlock(3), pthread\_rwlock\_unlock(3)

# **STANDARDS**

The **pthread\_rwlock\_timedwrlock**() function is expected to conform to ISO/IEC 9945-1:1996 ("POSIX.1").

# HISTORY

The **pthread\_rwlock\_timedwrlock**() function first appeared in FreeBSD 5.2.