NAME

revoke - revoke file access

LIBRARY

Standard C Library (libc, -lc)

SYNOPSIS

#include <unistd.h>

int

revoke(const char *path);

DESCRIPTION

The **revoke**() system call invalidates all current open file descriptors in the system for the file named by *path*. Subsequent operations on any such descriptors fail, with the exceptions that a **read**() from a character device file which has been revoked returns a count of zero (end of file), and a **close**() system call will succeed. If the file is a special file for a device which is open, the device close function is called as if all open references to the file had been closed using a special close method which does not block.

Access to a file may be revoked only by its owner or the super user. The **revoke**() system call is currently supported only for block and character special device files. It is normally used to prepare a terminal device for a new login session, preventing any access by a previous user of the terminal.

RETURN VALUES

The **revoke**() function returns the value 0 if successful; otherwise the value -1 is returned and the global variable *errno* is set to indicate the error.

ERRORS

Access to the named file is revoked unless one of the following:

[ENOTDIR] A component of the path prefix is not a directory.

[ENAMETOOLONG]

A component of a pathname exceeded 255 characters, or an entire path name exceeded 1024 characters.

- [ENOENT] The named file or a component of the path name does not exist.
- [EACCES] Search permission is denied for a component of the path prefix.

[ELOOP]	Too many symbolic links were encountered in translating the pathname.
[EFAULT]	The <i>path</i> argument points outside the process's allocated address space.
[EINVAL]	The implementation does not support the revoke () operation on the named file.
[EPERM]	The caller is neither the owner of the file nor the super user.

SEE ALSO

revoke(1), close(2)

HISTORY

The **revoke**() system call first appeared in 4.3BSD-Reno.

BUGS

The non-blocking close method is only correctly implemented for terminal devices.