Cyrus SASL

NAME

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sasl_server_start - Cyrus SASL documentation
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SYNOPSIS

DESCRIPTION

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int sasl_server_start(sasl_conn_t * conn,
const char * mech,
const char * clientin,
unsigned * clientinlen,
const char ** serverout,
```

unsigned * serveroutlen);

sasl_server_start() begins the authentication with the mechanism specified with mech. This fails if the mechanism is not supported.

Parameters

- conn is the SASL connection context
- mech is the mechanism name that the client requested
- clientin is the client initial response, NULL if the protocol lacks support for client-send-first or if the other end did not have an initial send. Note that no initial client send is distinct from an initial send of a null string, and the protocol MUST account for this difference.

- clientinlen is the length of initial response
- serverout is created by the plugin library. It is the initial server response to send to
 the client. This is allocated/freed by the library and it is the job of the client to send
 it over the network to the server. Also protocol specific encoding (such as base64
 encoding) must needs to be done by the server.
- serveroutlen is set to the length of initial server challenge

RETURN VALUE

SASL callback functions should return SASL return codes. See sasl.h for a complete list. **SASL_OK** is returned if the authentication is complete and the user is authenticated. **SASL_CONTINUE** is returned if one or more steps are still required in the authentication.

All other return values indicate errors and should be handled or the authentication session should be quit.

SEE ALSO

RFC 4422,:saslman:sasl(3), sasl_server_init(3), sasl_server_new(3), sasl_server_step(3), sasl_errors(3)

AUTHOR

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