

NAME

strcmp, **strncmp** - compare strings

LIBRARY

Standard C Library (libc, -lc)

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <string.h>
```

int

```
strcmp(const char *s1, const char *s2);
```

int

```
strncmp(const char *s1, const char *s2, size_t len);
```

DESCRIPTION

The **strcmp()** and **strncmp()** functions lexicographically compare the null-terminated strings *s1* and *s2*.

The **strncmp()** function compares not more than *len* characters. Because **strncmp()** is designed for comparing strings rather than binary data, characters that appear after a '\0' character are not compared.

RETURN VALUES

The **strcmp()** and **strncmp()** functions return an integer greater than, equal to, or less than 0, according as the string *s1* is greater than, equal to, or less than the string *s2*. The comparison is done using unsigned characters, so that '\200' is greater than '\0'.

SEE ALSO

bcmp(3), memcmp(3), strcasecmp(3), strcoll(3), strxfrm(3), wcscmp(3)

STANDARDS

The **strcmp()** and **strncmp()** functions conform to ISO/IEC 9899:1990 ("ISO C90").

HISTORY

The **strcmp()** function first appeared in the Programmer's Workbench (PWB/UNIX) and was ported to Version 7 AT&T UNIX; **strncmp()** first appeared in Version 7 AT&T UNIX.