NAME

thr_wake - wake up the suspended thread

LIBRARY

Standard C Library (libc, -lc)

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <sys/thr.h>
int
thr_wake(long id);
```

DESCRIPTION

This function is intended for implementing threading. Normal applications should use pthread_cond_timedwait(3) together with pthread_cond_broadcast(3) for typical safe suspension with cooperation of the thread being suspended, or pthread_suspend_np(3) and pthread_resume_np(3) in some specific situations, instead.

Passing the thread identifier of the calling thread (see thr_self(2)) to **thr_wake**() sets a thread's flag to cause the next signal-interruptible sleep of that thread in the kernel to fail immediately with the EINTR error. The flag is cleared by an interruptible sleep attempt or by a call to thr_suspend(2). This is used by the system threading library to implement cancellation.

If *id* is not equal to the current thread identifier, the specified thread is woken up if suspended by the thr_suspend(2) system call. If the thread is not suspended at the time of the **thr_wake** call, the wake is remembered and the next attempt of the thread to suspend itself with the thr_suspend(2) results in immediate return with success. Only one wake is remembered.

RETURN VALUES

The **thr_wake**() function returns the value 0 if successful; otherwise the value -1 is returned and the global variable *errno* is set to indicate the error.

ERRORS

The **thr_wake**() operation returns these errors:

[ESRCH] The specified thread was not found or does not belong to the process of the calling thread.

SEE ALSO

ps(1), thr_self(2), thr_suspend(2), pthread_cancel(3), pthread_resume_np(3), pthread_suspend_np(3)

STANDARDS

The **thr_suspend**() system call is non-standard and is used by 1:1 Threading Library (libthr, -lthr) to implement IEEE Std 1003.1-2001 ("POSIX.1") pthread(3) functionality.

HISTORY

The **thr_suspend**() system call first appeared in FreeBSD 5.2.